## Claims

and B3

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- 1. A method of pretreating of pulp to be bleached by acidification, in which the bleachability of the pulp is improved, characterized by
- a) adjusting the pH of the pulp to 2 to 6 by means of an acid like e.g. aminic acid, sulphuric acid, hydrochloric acid;
- b) feeding pulp to a first treatment tower (14, 112), so called acid tower,
- treating the pulp in the acid tower (14, 112) at said pH, at a pressure of 0 to 20 bar, at a temperature of 75 to 130°C, for 20 to 240 minutes, for decreasing the kappa number by 1 9, usually 2 6 units,
- d) discharging the pulp from said acid tower (14, 112) to a second treatment tower (24, 122) for a second treatment,
- e) treating the pulp in said second tower with a complexing agent at a pH of 4 to 9, preferably 5 to 6, or with an oxidizing chemical such as chlorine dioxide, Caro's acid, peracids, or the like, and
- f) washing and/or pressing the pulp.
- 2. A method according to claim 1, characterized in that the pulp is treated with a complexing agent either in phase e) with an acidifying chemical or in a separate phase between phases e) and f).
- 3. A method according to claim 1, characterized in that in phase g), after phase f), the pulp is bleached or treated in an alkaline stage where hydrogen peroxide is preferably used.
- 4. A method according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the pH of the pulp is adjusted, according to need, by adding acid or alkali to the pulp usually between phases c) and e), or in phase d).
- 5. A method according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that magnesium and/or calcium and/or enzymes is added prior to the acidifying and/or chelating stage or in connection therewith.

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6. A method according to claim 1 or 3, characterized in that in phase f) the pulp is washed with a fractionating washer (28) so that filtrate F1 containing heavy metals is removed from the process and a cleaner filtrate F2 is recycled for use in some other stage of the process.

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7. A method according to claim 3, characterized in that the peroxide bleaching of phase g) is effected in two towers (14, 24) which are different in size and connected to each other, the first being a so-called pretreatment reactor (14) and the second a so-called bleach tower (24).

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- 8. A method according to claim 7, characterized by, in the peroxide bleaching stage
- mixing at least peroxide with the pulp,
- feeding the pulp into a pressurized pretreatment reactor (14) where the pressure is 3 to 20 bar and the retention time 10 to 60 min,

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- allowing the pulp to react with peroxide,
- separating gas from the pulp,
- blowing the pulp by the pressure of pretreatment reactor (14) to the lower section of the bleach tower (24), wherefrom the pulp flows upwardly, and
- removing the pulp from the top of bleach tower (24).

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9. A method according to claim 3-or-8, characterized in that the peroxide dosage to the bleaching stage is 5 to 10 kg/adt and the oxygen dosage 0 to 10 kg/adt, which, when oxygen is used, refers to an oxygen-reinforced peroxide stage P<sub>o</sub>.

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10. A method according to claim 3 or 8, characterized in that the peroxide dosage to the bleaching stage is below 10 kg/adt and the oxygen dosage over 5, preferably 5 to 15 kg/adt, which refers to a peroxide-reinforced oxygen stage O<sub>p</sub>.

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- 11. A method according to claim 7 or 8, characterized in that the pressure in the bleach tower is 0 to 5 bar, preferably 1.1 to 5 bar, and the temperature 80 to 130°C.
- 12. A bleaching sequence according to claim 3, characterized in that the bleaching sequence comprises two bleaching stages (P) using peroxide, the first in sequence being

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is a peroxide-reinforced oxygen stage O<sub>p</sub> and the second an oxygen-reinforced peroxide stage P<sub>o</sub>, whereby the peroxide dosage to stage P<sub>o</sub> is 10 to 20 kg/adt and the oxygen dosage 0 to 10 kg/adt, and the peroxide dosage to stage O<sub>p</sub> is below 10 kg/adt and the oxygen dosage over 5, preferably 5 to 15 kg/adt.

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13. A bleaching sequence according to claim 1, characterized in that by using chlorine dioxide, its dosage to phase e) is 5 to 30 kg ClO<sub>2</sub>/adt calculated as active chlorine.

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14. A process for bleaching the pulp into an ISO brightness of over 80 using the method of claim 1, 3 or 8 in a bleaching sequence Cooking - O - AQ - P, Cooking - O - AD - P, Cooking O - ADQ - P, Cooking - O - AP<sub>a</sub> - P, or Cooking - O - AP<sub>a</sub>Q - P.

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15. A process for bleaching the pulp into an ISO brightness of over 88 using the method of claim 1 or 6 in a bleaching sequence Cooking - O - AQ - P<sub>a</sub>Q - P<sub>a</sub>.

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- 16. A method according to claim 1, characterized in that step c) is performed at a pressure of 1 to 10 bar.
- 17. A method according to claim 1, characterized in that step c) is performed at a pH of 3 to 4.
- 18. A method according to claim 1, characterized in that step c) is performed at a temperature of 80 to 110°C.

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19. A method according to claim 1 characterized in that step c) is performed at a time of 45 to 150 minutes.